E 8497 (Pages : 4) Reg. No.....

Name.....

B.A. DEGREE (C.B.C.S.S.) EXAMINATION, OCTOBER 2014

Fifth Semester

B.A. Economics

Core Course—INDIAN ECONOMY

Time : Three Hours Maximum Weight : 25

Answers may be written **either** *in English* **or** *in Malayalam.*

Part A (objective type questions in bunches)

Weight 1 *for each bunch.*

BUNCH I

1. Main source of foreign exchange pre independent India was :

   (a) Cotton textile. (b) Jute.

   (c) Raw materials. (d) None of these.

2. Drain theory is associated with the name of :

   (a) Mahatma Gandhi. (b) R.C. Dutta.

   (c) Dadabhai Noaroji. (d) Gopal Krishna Gokhle.

3. Permanent settlement of land was introduced in :

   (a) 1757. (b) 1857.

   (c) 1793. (d) 1951.

4. The period of first Five Year Plan was ———.

   (a) 1991-96. (b) 1947-52.

   (c) 1961-66. (d) 1951-56.

BUNCH II

5. Sex ratio is lowest in :

   (a) Bihar. (b) Kerala.

   (c) Punjab. (d) None of these.

6. Highest populated state in India is ————

   (a) Bihar. (b) Rajasthan.

   (c) U.P. (d) M.P.

Turn over

7. Poverty in India in mainly due to ————.

(a) Illiteracy. (b) Over Population.

(c) Orthodoxy. (d) None of these.

8 High birth rate and high death rate in the feature of the demographic transition of :

(a) 1st stage. (b) II stage.

(c) III stage. (d) None of these.

BUNCH III

9 Sex ratio in 1991 was ———.

(a) 102.9. (b) 104.7.

(c) 107.7. (d) 106.3.

10 First five year plan was ————.

(a) Industry oriented. (b) Agricultural oriented.

(c) Trade oriented. (d) None of these.

11 New Economic policy was introduced in :

(a) 1951. (b) 1991.

(c) 2009. (d) 1950.

12 Chief architect of Indian Planning is :

(a) Jagadish Bhagabati. (b) V.K.R.V. Rao.

(c) Mahalnobis. (d) D.R. Gadgil.

BUNCH IV

13 India's state with highest percapita in come is ————.

(a) Kerala. (b) Punjab.

(c) Maharashtra. (d) Haryana.

14 Double counting in related to :

(a) National income. (b) Personal income.

(c) Statis income. (d) None of these.

15 The conventional source of energy is ———.

(a) Coal. (b) Wind.

(c) Water. (d) Atomic energy.

16 Infrastructure projects are mostly :

(a) Private good. (b) Public good.

(c) Free good. (d) None of these.

(4 × 1 = 4)

Part B (Short Answer Questions)

Answer any **five** *out of eight, not exceeding* 50 *words.*

17. Cottage industry.
18. Zamindari system.
19. Child mortality rate.
20. Migration.
21. Population policy.
22. Frictional unemployment.
23. Plan strategy.
24. Black money.

(5 × 1 = 5)

Part C (Short Essays)

Answer any **four** *questions, not exceeding* 150 *words.*
Each question carries 2 *weight.*

25. Put light on structure of Indian industry during British-India.
26. Explain the problem of migration.
27. Examine the main reasons behind gender inequality.
28. Explain the effects of privatisation.
29. Examine the magnitude of black money in India.
30. Examine why development of infrastructure is necessary for the economic development.

(4 × 2 = 8)

Part D (Long Essays)

Answer any **two** *questions, not exceeding* 450 *words.*
Each question carries 4 *weight.*

31. Critically examine the strategy of Indian planning.

32. Examine the main causes of unemployment and suggest measures to solve it.

33. Explain population as an asset.

(2 × 4 = 8)